PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 39, 1807 .- At a meeting of the esidents of Broad street, held last evening, it was unanimously

Resolved, That statements made in an editorial of the North American of Nov. 16, 1867, are in every particular incorrect (in mistake, probably), that the widening of the footways does not diminish, but does, on the contrary, increase the original cost and expense to the property owners. Resolved, That our chief aim is to embellish and

beautify our street.

Resolved. That we never had, and have not now, any intention of eneroaching on the extended footway. Resolved. That we do believe the opposition gottes up to defeat this improvement of our favorite drive and promenade is but a forerunner of an effort which will be made the coming winter to ruin it by a dpuble rack horse railroad.

Now, Mr. Editor, in passing and publishing these resolutions we make no charge against his Honor the Mayor, but in delense of the charge of salitshness brought against us by the writer of the aforesaid article, and to show the honesty of our purposes to our fellow-citizens. We do believe, from the absence of all fargument in his Honor's veto sent to Common Council, there exists a power behind the throne which to us has proved irresistible; or why should be refuse the petition of every property-holder on Broad street? why disregard the request of his fellow-citi zens who crowd that theroughfare, not only on Sunday, but on every pleasant afternoon? It is ridiculous any to that it will interiere with the future improve ment of the street.

Stand on the corner of Broad and Poplar streets. and look north; at this point commences the narrow ing, and you see nothing but one long stretch of palatial residences, a beautiful avenue of trees, and all the evidences of future magnificence. Now look south; here the street widens, and what see you, with few exceptions, but mills, factories, blacksmith stops, coal and lumber yards? Now, Mr. Editor, all want, and we are supported by nine-tenths of our fellow-citizens, is permission to carry out and perfect our original design.

THOMAS A. REILLY, M. D., Secretary.

heapest Clothing in Philadelphia, heapest Clothing in Philadelphia, heapest Clothing in Philadelphia, heapest Clothing in Philadelphia,

Our stock is manufactured with especial care for this season's sales. We dely competition to extent and variety of assortment, and in style, it, and make of goods. Prices always quaranteed lower than the lowest classhore, and full satisfaction guaranteed curve two the sales cancelled and money retained.

Bennett & Co.,

Fifth and
Sixth streets. No. 518 Market Street,
Philadelphia,
AND No. 600 Broadway, New York.

MEETING OF CONGRESS.-A preparatory meeting to consider various important measures will be held at Charles Stokes & Co.'s First-class Clothing House, under the Continental Hotel, to-day. The measures will include the exact size around the chest and walst and length of sleeve for coats, and around the waist with length of inside seam for pants. If these measures are properly engrossed on the books of the House, perfect satisfaction is guaranteed, which is more than can be said of those at that other House at

NEARLY four hundred of the presents to be distributed among the holders of shares purchased in aid of the Riverside Institute are worth from \$50 up to \$40,000. A present is guaranteed with each share. Office, No. 921 Chesnut street.

TO BE CURED OF DISEASE OR SUFFERING IS ALWAYS DESTRABLE, but to be cured by influences gentle as the breath of spring and lasting as life, is the especial prerogative of Homeopathy. Humphreys' Specifics, advertised in another column, leave nothing to be desired in this direction for family or individual use. They are mild, simple, and yet prompt and efficient, always rendering satisfaction. Address Humphreys' Specific Homesopathic Medicine Co., No. 562 Broadway, N. Y.

Johnston, Holloway & Cowden, No. 28 North Sixth sireet, Dyott & Co., No. 232 North Second street, wholesale agents. Sold also by George C. Evans, Sixth and Poplar streets: Ambrone Emith, Broad

wholesale agents. Sold also by George C. Evans, Sixth and Poplar streets; Ambrone Emith, Broad and Chesnut streets; Hortter, Twentieth and Green streets; Hortter, Twentieth and Green and South Streets; Callender, Third and Walnut streets; Hickman, No. 336 South Second street; Marshall, Thirteenth and Market street; Bythe, No. 3120 Market street, Sold in Germantown by W. R. Jones, Jones Sions—Novice—Parameters.

CAR SIGNS-NOTICE.—Persons wishing to secure business signs on the cars of the Chesnut and Waimut. Tenth and Eleventh, Fifth and Elixth Streets Rallroads, for the ensuing year will please make early application at the office of the International Advertising Company. No. 448 Bouth Third street, second floor. This is one of the most effectual modes of advertising ever invented. At present every car top is occupied until the close of the present year.

N. B.—Inside signs on the same roads lettered on glass and framed in oiled walnut and glit, and run for one year for \$10.

E6'00 per top.

E6'00 per top.

Best Schuylkill Stove Coal.

E6'00 per ton.

Best Large Nut Coal.

E6'50 per ton.

Best Large Nut Coal.

Heater Coal.

Large Lehigh Nut Coal.

At WILLIAM W. ALTER'S Coal Depot.

Ninth street (987), below Girard avenue. Branch Office, corner Sixth and Spring Garden streets.

HUMPHREYS' SPECIFICS.—Thousands of invalids have been perfectly cured of long-standing aliments, the plague and bane of their lives, and on which they save spent hundreds in vain, by simply using these invaluable Specifics. Not a family who have ever had one of these Family Cases of Humphreys' Specifics, but would give five times its cost, rather than be without it. Address No. 562 Broadway, N. Y.

WE WOULD advise Our friends and all charitably disposed persons to see that Mr. Dickens writes an account of the Gettysburg Asylum for Invalid Boldiers, when he goes back to Gad's Hill. To insure this everybody should call at No. 1126 Chesnut street, and purchase a ticket.

THE GREAT AMERICAN HAIR PREPARATION, valued at home and abroad, a real Hair Restorer or Dressing (in one bottle). A great triumph of science. Mrn. S. A. ALLEN'S IMPROVED (new style). Every Druggist sells it. Price one dollar.

THE ONLY POSITIVE and permanent relief from neuralgia, nerveache, and all other painful nervous diseases is to be found in Dr. Turner's Tru Doubleward of Universal Neuralgia Pill. Of this fact there is ample evidence recorded. Apothecaries have if

GROVER & BAKER'S Highest Premium Sewing Machines, No. 730 Chesnut street.

Meintire & Brother, Shirts, Underwear, Scarfs, Time, and Gente Furnishing Goods of every kind, at small advance above cost. No. 1055 Chemnut street,

MARRIED.

ANDERSON-FINACY,—On the evening of the 2th instant, at the house of the bride's father, by the Rev. R. M. Lichtenwalnen, Mr. FRANCIS C. ANDERSON to Miss MARY FINACY, both of this city. HOUSE-HIGGENS.-On the 4th Instant, by Rev. William Hurst, at his residence. No 410 Knighn's Point avenue, South Camden, Mr. GEORGE W. HOUSE and Miss HANNAH ANN HIGGENS, both of Stockton, Camden county, N. J.

DIED.

FULTON.-On the 22d instant, REBECCA JANE The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her father, Charles Henderson, No. 1604 Mount Vernon street, on Wednesday, the 27th instant, at 16 o'clock A. M.

BHOFFMAN.—On the 24th instant, Mrs. CATHE-RINE, wife of Charles Hoffman, aged 55 years. Her relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her husband, Tully street, above Palmer, on Thursday afternoon at a o'clock.

a o'clook.

LAMON.—On the 23d instant, JOHN LAMON, in the 69th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the tamily are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 1850 N. Sixth street, on Wednesday atternoon at 1 o'clock. To proceed to Mount Peace Cemelon.

LEES.—On the 25th instant, ABRAHAM LEES, in the 49th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family, also Manayunk Lodge, No. 31, L. O. of O. F., and the Order in general, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his lats residence, No. 4450 Wood street. Manayunk, on Thursday, the 25th instant, at I o'clock. To proceed to Laverington Cemetery.

McMIGHAEL.—On the 23d instant, JOSEPH MoMICHAEL, in the 25th jease of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family, Handdin-Band Council, No. 14, O. U. A. M.; Girard Circle, No. colored boy whose practice it has been to get a place and then run away from it, has been strested for stealing clothing and for being a common vagrant, Alderman Maule committed alm.

6. Brotherhood of the Union; and members of the Harmony Engine Company, are respectfully littled to attend his funeral, from his late residence, No. 1038 Dorrance street (below Mingteenth and Carpenter streets), on Thursday, the 25th Instant, at 10 clock. To proceed to the Broad Street M. R. Church fer service, thence to Mt. Moriab for interment. MELCHER. On the 24th instant, MARY EMILY daughter of Martin and Elizabeth Melcher, aged

months.

The relatives and friends are respectfully juvited to attend the funeral, from the posidence of hor parents, No. 1638 Franklin street, on Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock. To proceed to Laurel Hill. O'NEIL,—On the 2th instant, Mr. MICHAEL, O'NEIL, aged 55 years.

The relatives and triends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, No. 1121 N. Second street, on Wednesday morning at 8% octoors.

SABINE.—On Sunday, the 24th Instant, of pneumonia, SUBAN WHITNEY, wife of Alexander F. Sa bine, of this city.

The funeral will take place at No. 1823 Spruce street on Wednesday afternoon at 4 o'clock. YOUNG, On the 23d Instant, DAVID YOUNG aged 74 years.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 135 Almond street, on Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. To proceed to Fourth and Pine streets.

CITY INTELLIGENCE

FOR ADDITIONAL LOCAL ITEMS SEE INSIDE PAGES. THE UNINITIATED .- Yesterday, an event hap-

The Uninitated.—Yesterday, an event happened to a number of confiding colored people in Bedford street, wherein they believed that their golden dreams were to be immediately realized; but which resulted not only in casting a gloom over all their hope ul anticipations, but also in relieving them of nearly all of their little hoarded wealth. An ingenious darkey, with an eye single to business, entered their midst and divulged to them a wonderful darkey, with an eye single to business, entered their midst, and divulged to them a wonderful secret; that in a sectuded spot in the "Old Dominion" there was treasure-house, a vein of the richest gold! This at once struck his colored hearers with delight, and they were earnest in desires to go "halves" in developing this rich gold deposit. They confided in this teller of stories and gave him about 40 feet and the stories and gave him about 40 feet and the stories and gave him about 40 feet and the stories and gave him about 40 feet and the stories and gave him about 40 feet and gave 40 feet stories, and gave him about \$40 to aid in developing the vein. He left, and soon after it was ascertained that he was a swindler. He was arrested, and gives his name as William H. Vor. He was completed. H. Vorn. He was committed.

DEATH FROM MEDICAL MALPRACTICE, -About three weeks since a young woman named Elizabeth A. Cole, aged sixteen, residing at No. 1641 N. Seventh stree, stated to several friends that she was in a situation unbecoming a single woman. This was said in a jocular manner, and nothing was thought of it. Subsequently she informed a female friend that she intended to have an illegal operation performed upon her person; but her friend told her it was very dangerous; that her life would be put in jeopardy, and recommended her to take a cermedicine. She said she would do so, but ad threw the medicine away. On the 20th inst she died. A post-mortem examination was made on the body of the deceased by Dr. Shapleigh, and although he would not testify positively that she had been illegally operated upon, yet he was under that impression. The Coroner's jury rendered a verdict of death from medical malpractice.

A Youthful Highwayman .- William Walker a lad of eleven years and small size, some time sgo, with a youthful accomplice, made it a practice to garotte smaller newsboys who happened to come in their way, and steal their papers. On this charge they were both arrested. Walker was simply reprimanded by the Judge, but his accomplice was committed. But it watter was simply reprimanded by the Judge, but his accomplice was committed. But it seems that the reprimand of the Judge had no effect upon this youthful robber; for last night he sneaked into a store No. 1810 Market street, and had just managed to crawl behind the counter and put his hand to the drawer and clutch \$18, when a little girl somewhat larger than himself pounced upon him and held him tight putil arrested Alderman Lores countited that tight until arrested. Alderman Jones committed the precocious Walker.

Military Affairs. — The "Washington Grays" will be the recipients on Thursday evening (Thanksgiving Day), at 8% o'clock, at their armory, Ladner street, rear of Horticultural Hall, of a handsome bunting flag, to be presented by the honorary members of the company. The honorary, associate, and active members will be present and effect the presented. company. The honorary, associate, and active members will be present, and after the presentation the Company will have a dress paradegiving an exhibition of the proficiency attained in the new drill recently adopted by the corps. The Company is in a flourishing condition, and intend leaving nothing undone by which to retain the reputation established before the war of being a first class military organization.

THREATENING TO KILL .- John Haggerty is the person who some time ago fired a pistol off at the corner of Eighth and Sansom streets, and then ran into No. 731 Sansom street, and and then ran into No. 731 Sansom street, and threatened such violent things, to maim, and even kill, that for a time the inmates applied themselves to yelling murder and police. He was arrested last night by Officer Little, and was being conveyed to the lock up, when his rescue was undertaken by a notorious individual named Jerry Eaton. But both were finally lodged within the somewhat uncomfortable cells of the Station House and wave discussions. cells of the Station House, and were afterwards committed to prison, in default of \$1000 ball

IN THAT CELTISH CONTEST which came off last Saturday night between two brothers, Ed-ward and James Maguire, and half a dozen ward and James Maguire, and half a dozen freshly imported Celts, they had recourse to a rusty sword and beer mugs. So far, it has produced the following results:—Jas. Maguire and Michael Coleman have been arrested at the place of the affray, Second and Margaretta streets, and held in \$1000 ball to answer the charge of assault and battery; and Patrick Cleiggitt and James Namy have been committed, the former in default of \$3000 ball, and the latter in \$2000 ball for an assault with intent the latter in \$2000 ball, for an assault with intent

An Assault. - Edward Desher, on last Saturday, without provocation, knocked down a dentist, named John V. Peter, at Second and Popiar streets. When Mr. Peter fell a revolver dropped out of his pocket, and picking it up he fired two shots at Desher, who incontinently fled. The noise of the stots brought a policeman about, who arrested the assailant, and he was committed by Alderman She

A PITFALL.—The last freshet which this city experienced ploughed out, in its damaging career, a large gulley at Thirty-second and Pennsylvania avenue. This gulley extends right across the street, with only a couple of boards, upon which persons are enabled to cross. It has become a regular pitfall; twenty-two persons have fallen in since its existence, and have been worked. and have been more or less injured. It requires immediate attention.

CAUSE AND EFFECT .- Edward Martin, James Butter, and Henry Washington, all colored, met last night in a groggery at Seventh and Pine streets, and commenced to take in all the molasses whisky until their individual bodies shad attained a sufficient pressure of animal spirits, when they went for each others heads and ears in the most approved style. They kept this up until their arrest, Alderman Morrow committed them.

PLAYING GOVERNMENT DETECTIVE, - John Robinson was arrested at Edgemont and Huntingdon streets, on a charge of false precense. It is alleged that he played off upon the distillers in the vicinity of Elemmond, saying that he was a Government detective, and would compromise on the "sly" with them for certain sums of money. Alderman Senix committed him in default of \$1500 ball.

MILITARY .- The Philadelphia Fire Zouaves have postponed their contemplated street parade on Thanksgiving Day, in honor of the memory of the late Chief Engineer. Having secepted an invitation extended to them by the friends of their lamented chief, they will participate in the funeral cortege on that day.

Soldiers' Home .- The ladies of the Soldiers' Home intend giving the inmates of the Home a Thanksgiving dinner. Denations are requested in poultry, cranberries, apples, pies, vegetables, etc., which will be received by a committee at the Home, Sixteenth and Filbert streets.

WHO STOLE IT !- Catharine Haveland and David Selland were arrested last night for stealing a man's watch, at Fourth and Shippen streets. When arrested, each charged the other with the theft; and both were committed. The watch was recovered in the house.

STEALING CLOTHING .- George T. Hughes, a

THIRD

JEFF. DAVIS' TRIAL.

Opening of the Court To-day,

A White and Black Grand Jury. Charge of Judge Underwood.

The Trial Postponed Until the First Wednesday in March.

Speeches of Hon. J. M. Evarts and Hon. Charles O'Conor.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

EPECIAL DESPATOR TO THE EVENING TELEGRAPH. RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 26 .- The Court opened at 11 o'clock, and was soon densely crowded, principally with white people, and many ladies. At 11:30 Judge Underwood called the Court to order. The Grand Jury answered to their names. They comprise eighteen white and six colored men, all radicals. The oath prescribed by the act of Congress June 17, 1862, excluding all persons from serving on a jury who have sided or been concerned in the Rebellion, was administered to the members of the Grand Jury.

Judge Underwood said that all who had conscientious scruples against taking an oath should inform the Court. None answered. In being sworn, whites and blacks took the Bible together, which caused a smile throughout the Court-room.

Judge Underwood then charged the Grand Jury, defining treason and its punishment under the laws of Congress.

He said:-If it is brought to your knowledge that any citizen of the United States has been engaged in levying war, against them, it will be your duty to find an indictment for treason against the offender, unless it be also brought to your knowledge that such offender has received a special pardon, or is included in some general act of amnesty. You are to be absolutely impartial. All personal favor and distayor must be rigorously excluded from your room. No party and no class bias or prejudice must be allowed the slightest influence upon your decisions. The charge was brief, moderate in tone, and the authorship of it is attributed to Hon. Salmon P. Chase. It also touched upon violations of the Internal Revenue and Postal laws and Reconstruction acts, which will be brought before the Court. The Grand Jury then retired for deliberation.

At 12:30 Mr. Evarts, on the part of the Government, said it was intended to proceed with the trial of Davis at some period during this term, but the public duties of Chief Justice Chase prevented his attendance, and he would name a day after Judge Chase's official duties in the supreme Court had been concluded; and proposed that the first Wednesday in March be assigned for the trial.

Mr. O'Conor for the defense assented to this, but said it would cause the defendant inconvenience and hoped the Government would arrange it positively for the day named. He preferred to renew Davis' recognizances for trial in May, when Mr. Chase would certainly attend, but withdrew this and agree I to the day named, but hoped Mr. Davis would be called on previously

Mr. Evarts anticipated no difficulty in the trial coming off in March, as Mr. Chase would undoubtedly be present then. Judge Underwood assented, as it was desirable to have two Judges present in a case of such import ance, and it was due to the defendant and he directed an order fixing the day named. Mr. Davis was not present during the proceedings; but it is understood he was in the vicinity, and would have been produced if necessary.

Latest Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—Cotton dull at 16.4. 17c. Flour dull, and declined 100,15c; sales of 6500 barrels; State, \$7.786.10; Ohio \$9.20012.50; Western, \$9.756.11.70; Bouthern, \$9.500.14; Callfornia, \$11.500.13.25. Wheat dull. Corn easier, sales, 31,000 bushels mixed Western, \$1.200.13.25. Oats dull, Barley advancing; sales 2000; Canada \$1.57%. Beef quiet. Pork quiet; mess pork, \$2030. Lard dull. Whisky dull.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 26.—Cotton dull and unsettled at 163.5c. Flour very dull, and declining. Wheat firm; prime red, \$2506.250. Corn firm, Oats dull at 68.6740. Rye, small stock; good to prime, \$1.500.190. Provisions very dull.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE. UNITED STATES COURT IN BANKRUPTCY.—
Since our last report the following additional petitions have been flied:—
Franklin G. Forny, Heidelburg, Berks county, Pa.
Petition of Reiley L. Fisher, that Franklin G. Porny be declared bankrupt; filed November 8.
Thomas R. Buckman, Jr., Twenty-third Ward, Philadelphia, Petition filed November 8th. Order of reference to Register Chase for November 18.
Thomas H. Rickert, Potsyille, Pa. Petition filed November 9. Order of reference to Register Hobart for November 18.
Benjamin M. Hampton, Ashland, Schuylkill county, Pa. Petition filed November 18.
George Wise, Piffeenth Ward, Philadelphia, Petition filed November 11. Order of reference to Register Ashton for November 11. Order of reference to Register Ashton for November 11.
Andrew B. Stevenson, Twenty-third Ward, Philadelphia, Petition filed November 11. Order of reference to Register thase for November 11. Order of reference to Register Challetter Chase for November 18.
Thomas H. Rice, No. 928 Arch street, Philadelphia, Petition filed November 12. Order of reference to Register McMichael for November 18.
Isseph Lebkicher, Liverpool, Perry county, Pa. Petition filed November 18. Order of reference to Register Barnett for November 19.
John Carr, Waymani, Wayne county, Pa. Petition of Hoagland, DuBols & Magovern that John M. Wood be declared a bankrupi, filed November 18. Order of reference to Register Parsons for November 18. Order of reference to Register Parsons for November 18. Order of reference to Register Parsons for November 18. Order of reference to Register Parsons for November 18. Order of Register Parsons for November 25. Theo. H. Stagers, No. 1705 Mount Vernou street, Philadelphia, Petition filed November 18. Order of Reference to Register Parsons for November 25. Theo. H. Stagers, No. 1705 Mount Vernou street, Philadelphia ber 18. Order of reference to Lagaria.

November 22.

Theo. H. Stagers, No. 1705 Mount Vernon street, Philadelphia. Petition filed November 18. Order of reference to Register Ashton for November 27.

J. H. Haier & Brother, Reading, Pa. Petition of Jos. Bryan that J. H. Hafer & Brother be declared bankrupt, filed November 19.

Lazarus Stein. Philadelphia. Petition of Raphael Bronswick that Lazarus Siein be declared bankrupt, filed November 19. flied November 19.

Henry J. Miller, Philadelphia. Petition filed November 19. Order of reference to Register Fisher for vember 19. Order of reference to Register Fisher for November 28.

Herman Blumenthal, Columbia, Pa. Petition of Geldsmith Brothers that Herman Blumenthal be declared bankrupt, filed November 21.

Henry Hudson Barton, Philadelphia, Petition filed November 21. Order of reference to Register Ashton for November 27.

John B. Greblil, Petition Sled November 21. Order of reference to Register Slaymaker for November 27.

Edw. A. Groene, Philadelphia, Petition filed November 22. Edw. A. Groene, Philadelphia. Petition filed November 22.
Southwick, Sheble & Co., Philadelphia, trading as "Saxony Woollen Company." Little Falls, Herkimer ccuniy, N. Y. Petition filed November 22.
Francis H. Siduali, Twenty-second Ward, Philadelphia. Petition filed November 23. Order of reference to Register Chane for November 29.
John Grant, Quakertown, Bucks county. Petition filed November 22. Order of reference to Register Chase for November 30.
Lewis W. Bradshaw, Buckingham, Bucks county. Petition filed November 23. Order of reference to Register Chase for November 30.
George Kellman, Tamaqua, Schuylkill county. Petition filed November 23. Order of reference to Register Chase for November 30.

for November 28,
Philip F. McCaully, Lebanop, Lebanon county,
Petition filed November 28. Order of reference to
Register Hobart for December 3.
COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS—Judge Lndlow.—His Honor Judge Ludlow sat this merning in
the extra Court-room, at the end of the corridor of
the new Court-house, for the purpose of hearing
habe as corpus cases.

the extra Court-room, at the end of the corridor of the new Court-rooms, for the purpose of hearing habe as corpus cases.

In the case of the Commonwealth ex rel Tack Brothers, which was fixed yeste day for hearing to cay, counsel for the relators. Mesers Cassidy and Brewater, were engaged in trying causes, one in the Court of Common Piess, and the other in the United States District Astorney appearing in Court, preased for a hearing in the case. He said that when it was called up yeaterday morning Mr. Cassidy was engaged in the United States Court, in a case involving twelve barrels of whisky, the value of which, he did not doubt, the prosecutors in this case would have been willing to have paid in order to have the hearing proceeded with, and then the case went over until to-day.

This morning the same state of circumstances existed. This writ of habeas corput was taken out by the relators for their discharge: it was their own writ, it stood between them and an indictment, and should be immediately disposed of. It was well understood at the first continuance that the case would be taken up this morning, and if coases for the relators did not appear the Court might dismiss the writ and allow the proceedings to go on.

The Court was simply to inquire into the Commonwealth's case, and say whether it was sufficient to send the relators for the Court was to deal only with the Commonwealth's case, and say whether it was sufficient to the relators. For the Court was to deal only with the Commonwealth's case, and say whether it obtained by a lary, a continuance would not be a matter of justice to the relators, for the Court was to deal only with the Commonwealth's case, and say whether it obtained by the form counsel for the relators that the Court was expecting them to go on without the presence of counsel. The Court cound calmiy bear the evidence, and dispose of the matter at once.

An officer was sent by the Court to inform counsel for the relators that the Court was expecting them to go on with their case, and a

Judge.

The District Attorney, upon reading this note, said he thought this case was in this condition;—The relators either wanted it heard or they didn't. If they did not, the writ should be dismissed. If they did want it heard, and counsel were actually engaged until 5 o'clock, the Court might give them an hour for dinner, and let them came in at 4 o'clock, and let the case so on—if they did not personally protract it, he would warrant that it would be finished within an hour.

would warrant that it would be finished within an hour.

This was not a pressing case—not one in which personal liberty was involved. But the relators had their liberty and were wandering around at pleature. They merely wanted to have the Judge's opinion in a criminal case, which the Commonwealth was willing to lay before the court.

Richard P. White, associated with the District Attorney, remarked, in addition to what had been said, that he had yesterday received notice to appear this morning, because the case would surely be heard; and he had laid aside all other engagements in order to comply with this notification.

This was a mere unofficial writ, which the old law judges said it was an abuse to allow; and it was not fair to ask the prosecutors, day after day, to put aside all engagements to attend it. They were stargest expense in consequence of this writ. At every time they were sent away and told to come again, their extense was equal to a fine of \$500.

The Judge said that for this once he would make the order that the case would be heard this afternoon at 40 clock.

DISTRICT COURT—Judge Hare.—O. Wilson Davis to the use of Lewis Audenreld vs. The Hope Fire Insurance Company. An action to recover \$500 on a fire insurance policy, for the loss by fire of the steamer Meteor, which was insured in different companies for \$5000, and was burned at Chester on a trip to New York.

The delense allege that the vessel was purposely borned, in order to recover the lossurance. On trial.

defense allege that the vessel was purposely The defense allege that he vessel was purposely burned, in order to recover the insurance. On trial, UN TED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Judge Cadwalader,—The United States vs. Whisky Stills, Meccinery, etc. Gustavus Cane and E. G. Bush, claimants. As information of the forfeiture of a distillery conducted by the claimants in East Cumberland street, on the allegation that it did not belong to the claimants, and was by them fraudulently carvied on. On trial.

ried on. On trial. DR. MEIGNEN'S BENEFIT .- The friends of Dr. Leopold Meignen, the distinguished musician, Leopold Meignen, the distinguished musician, have arranged a grand complimentary concert, to take place at Concert Hall to-morrow (Wednesday) afternoon. The programme is an excellent and attractive one, and the pieces will be executed by Professors Aaron R. Taylor, Jean Louis, C. H. Jarvis, H. G. Thunder, A. D. Sartori, and Carl Sentz's splendid orchestra. Dr. Meignen is seriously ill, and his friends should see to it that this is made a substantial benefit. Tickets can be had at any of the Chasbenefit. Tickets can be had at any of the Chesnut street music stores.

HEARINGS AT THE CENTRAL STATION .- Before Alderman Beitler, at 2 o'clock to day, George L. Black and George Manson were charged with entering the stores of Mrs. Cox. No. 1496 Chesnut street, and Mr. Moffitt, No. 674 N. Twelfth street. They were held for trial.

N. J. Atkinson was charged with the larceny of a number of books belonging to Eldridge & Erother, No. 17 S. Sixth street. Three books were found under his coat by Policeman Dawson, who arrested him. He was held in \$1000 ball to answer.

ACCIDENT .- About half past 12 o'clock today a pair of horses attached to Dr. Schenck's medicine wagon ran away at Ninth and Girard avenue. Patrick Goff, the driver, was thrown out, run over, and seriously injured. He was taken to the Pennsylvania Hospital. The inured man resides in Monterey street, above

HOR MANY OR FEW WANTS IN HOUSE-Reepers' Hardware, we shall be pleased to show you our assortment. Ferhaps you may then conclude to purchase them of TRUMAN & SHAW, No. 835 (Eight Thirty-sive) MARKET Street, below Ninth. SOUR-CROUT AND COLD-SLAW CUTTERS

of for sale by TRUMAN & SHAW, No. 835 (Eight Thirty-five) MARKET Street, below Ninth. CARDINE SCISSORS AND OPENERS OF a several patterns, which also answer for opening fruit cans: Champagne Openers, Cork Drawers, and a variety of Cork Screws, are for sale by TRUMAN & SHAW, No. 836 (Eight Thirty-five) MARKET Street, below Ninth.

WARBURTON'S IMPROVED, VENTI inted, and easy-fitting Dress Hats (patented), in all the improved inshions of the season. CHES NUT Street, next door to the Post Office, 11 19 |5p WARBURTON'S IMPROVED, VENTI-

JONES, TEMPLE & CO.,
No. 25 S. NINTH Street,
First Store above Chestnut street. [49] 7:30s CONVERTED INTO 5:20s As the Government will change its terms of con-

version on December 1st, parties may make a saving by converting prior to that date,

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES OF ALL KINDS, BOUGHT, SOLD, AND EXCHANGED.

E.W.CLARK&CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS. NO. 35 S. THIRD STREET, ACENCY OF THE

Union Pacific Railroad Company, OFFICE OF

DE HAVEN & BROTHER, NO. 40 SOUTH THIRD STREET We desire to ca distinution to the difference in the

relative price of the First Mortgage Bonds of Union Pacific Hailroad, and the price of Governments. We would to-day give these bonds and pay a diffe rence of \$206.33 taking in exchange U. S. 6's of 1881.

de. 5-20's of 1889. do. 5-20's of 1864. do. 5-20's of 1865, May & Nov. do. \$197:08 5-20's of '65, Jan. & July \$151.33 do. do. 5-20's of '67, do. do. 5 % cent, 10-40's, do. do. do. 7 3-10 Cy. June issue. 73-10 Cy. July issue. 6103'18 (For every thousand dollars,)

We offer these bonds to the public, with every confidence in their security.

DE HAVEN & BRO.

PHILADELPHIA. November 21, 1867. POSTPONED RACE.

POINT BREEZE PARK, WEDNESDRY, NOVEMBER 27, 1867, Mile Heats, best 3 in 5 to road wagons.

GOOD DAY AND TRACK. THREE OF THE BEST ROAD HORSES IN PHILADELPMIA.

Horses to start at 3 o'clock.

OWNER names b. m. GAZELLE.

OWNER names b. h. MAY ROY.

OWNER names b. b. STRATHMORE.

The privelegs of a member introducing a male friend without pay is suspended.

Omnibuses will start from Library street at 2% o'clock P. M., for the Park.

LARGE FIRE AT OSWEGO.

An Attempt on the Life of the United States Consul at Port-au-Prince.

Important News from West Indies.

A Piratical Attempt on an American Schooner.

An Earthquake in Jamaica. FORTIETH CONGRESS-ADJOURNED SESSION.

Washington, Nov. 26.—A bill was introduced by Mr. Morgan (N. Y.), and referred, granting to the Hudson River West Shore Railroad the right of way through lands of the United States at West Point. Mr. tonklin (N. Y.) presented a memorial from the New York Union League Club, asking Cougress to prevent the muster out of Gamerals Howard and Sickles, which, with accompanying resolution, was referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

The Senate, after debate, passed a resolution, House concuring, that the two Houses adjourn until Monfay, at 12 o'clock M.

nate went into executive session. House of Representatives.

Mr. Blaine (Me.) offered a resolution directing the eneral commanding the armies of the United States communicate to the House all the correspondence ddressed to bim by the President on the se removal of Secretary Stanton and Gene the removal of Secretary Stanton and General Sheridan. Also, any correspondence or orders in his office abowing the condition of the Fifth Military District prior to the possage of the Beconstruction bill, and any recommendations that he may have made thereon, and what steps, if any, were taken by the civil authority in reference to such recommendation. Also, all correspondence in reference to the difficulties in Baitmore touching the Police Commissioners, and other matters prior to the election of 1866, and in reference to the proposed mission of the General of the Armies to Mexico in 1866.

Mr. Farnsworth (Ill.) suggested that the resolution also call for the correspondence in reference to General Sicklea.

Mr. Blaine consented to the modification, and the resolution as modified was adopted.

On motion of Mr. Washburne (Indiana), the Committee of Military Affairs was instructed to inquire into the practicability of paying the army once a

on motion of Mr. Washburne (Indians), the Committee of Military Affairs was instructed to inquire into the practicability of paying the army once a week instead of every two months, as now provided by law.

On notion of Mr. Ellot (Mass.), the Committee on Freedmen's Affairs was directed to ascertain and report whether any reasons exist why the Freedmen's Bureau abould be continued beyond the time limited by law.

Mr. Bromwell (III.) offered a resolution reciting that the confined and poisonous atmosphere of the hail and corridors of the House of Representatives has caused much sickness and several deaths among the members, and providing for the appointment of a select committee to examine and report to the House obtained for the hail.

by what means a sufficient supply of pure air may be obtained for the hail.

Mr. Pruyn (N. Y.) expressed the hope that the resolution would be adopted.

Mr. Banks (Mass.) suggested that the resolution be made to include what changes are necessary in the Hall to adapt it for the purposes of legislation.

Mr. Bromwell (11) adopted the suggestion.

Mr. spaldfig (Ohio) moved to refer the matter to the Standing Committee on Public Buildings, and it was so referred.

Mr. spaiding (Ohio) moved to refer the matter to the Standing Committee on Public Buildings, and it was so referred.

Mr. Wilson (Iowa), Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, reminded the House that in July the Sergeant-at-arms was ordered to arrest Lafayette C. Baker, for refusing to appear as a witness before that committee. Baker has since appeared and testified, and the committee did not deem the case of sufficient importance to ask any further action of the House against him. He therefore asked that Baker should be discharged from custody on payment of the cost of the proceedings. It was so ordered.

The speaker presented a memorial from the Constitutional Convention of Alabama, praying for the repeal of the cotton tax, to operate back to the first of September last. Referred to the Committee of Ways and Meaus.

The Speaker called the committees for reports. The only one made was by Mr. Boutwell, from the Judiciary Committee, being an advance report in the case of Stephen F. Cannon. (Laid on the table.)

The Speaker then proceeded to the call of States for resolutions and bills.

Mr. Elliott offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Commerce to inquire what legislation was necessary concorning the act of March 2, 1857, to regulate the disposition of the proceeded of fines, penalties, and for citures incurred under the law relating to customs. (Adopted.)

Mr. Miungen offered a resolution calling on the Secretary of the Treasury for information as to the meters to be attached to stills—whether he has adopted and prescribed any, and with what result on distillation and the revenue. Adopted.

Mr. Kelley (Pa.) offered a resolution declaring that welfare of the people, and the maintenance of the faith and credit of the Government require, the repeal

Mr. Kelley (Pa.) offered a resolution declaring that welfare of the people, and the maintenance of the faith and credit of the dovernment require, the repeat of the taxes on cotton, and on the productions of manufacturing and mechanical interests, except distilled spirits, mait liquor, and tobacco. Referred, on motion of Mr. Washburne (III), to Committee of Ways and Means.

Mr. Shenck (Obio) offered a resolution calling on the Secretary of the Navy for certain information respecting Admiral Goldsborough's promotion from midshipman to Heutemani. Adopted.

Mr. Schenck also offered a resolution calling on the President for full and exact information as to pardons granted since the ith of April. 1855; to persons convicted of perjury, or making counterfelt money, of having in their possession counterfelting tools or instruments, of forgery, of the criminal alteration of papers, or of perjury, with the reasons for such person and the names or persons recommending them, Adopted.

From the West Indies.

Adopted.

By the Cuba Cable. HAVANA, Nov. 25 .- The latest advices received Haytı and St. Domingo confirm the reports hitherto received of a rupture between the wo countries.

General Montez is still held a prisoner in Hayti. The revolution against the authority of Sal nave n Havti has come to an end. The foreign consuls in Hayti, against whom some animosity has lately been exhibited, have been guaranteed protection.

attempt was recently made to kill the United States Consul at Port-au-Prince. was called out by a mob, and when he appeared on the balcony of his dwelling, he was fired at with a rifle. The ball, fortunately, did no other

damage thun graze his temple. -The brother of General Montez made his escape, and was aided in doing so by the British The revolutionists on the frontier of St. Do-

mingo number 4000 men. They are in possession of the important province of Caobas. Cotton has arrived in this city from the interior, and is selling at 3c. per pound, Some pirates, in an open boat off Cape Dame Muria, lately attempted to take possession of the American schooner Lucy, from New York for Kingston, but were repulsed by the crew be-

longing to the vessel.

The light was quite a severe one, and several of the pirates were killed and wounded, An earthquake in Jamaica on the 14th did great damage to property and caused con-siderable loss of life. It is expected that great exertious will shortly be made to induce the people of the Southern States to emigrate to

Destructive Fire.

Oswego, N. Y., Nov. 26 —Randall's Elevator and Novelty Mills, owned by Randall Brothers, was destroyed by fire last night. The schooner Coquette, lying near by, took fire in her rigging, which was destroyed, besides being badly burnt on her deck and starboard quarter. The flames also spread to a lumber pile, destroying about seventeen hundred feet of lumber. The Elevator was insured for \$16,000 and the mill for \$4000, which covers about half the loss. The vessel was insured for \$6000. The Elevator contained only about one thousand bushels of grain.

Two dwellings on the corner of Sixth and Seneca streets, in the Second Ward, and owned by Mrs. Byron, were also destroyed by fire last night. They were partially insured.

Death of Rev. J. Torrey, D. D. BUBLINGTON, Vt., Nov. 26.-The Rev. Joseph Torrey, D. D., Professor of Moral and Intelled tual Philosophy in the University of Vermont, died this morning, aged seventy years. He has been connected with the institution for about

Important News from China. By Atlantic Cable.

LONDON, Nov. 26,-The United States squadron has left China to punish the pirates in the islandfor Formosa. It is reported that ten thousand people were drowned by a deluge in the island of Formosa.

FROM EUROPE BY CABLE.

Noon Report of Markets, Southampton, Nov. 26-Noon.—The steamer Hermann, from New York on the 14th, arrived

LONDONDERRY, Nov. 26.—The steamer Perus vian, from Quebec, arrived to-day.

London, Nov. 26—Noon.—Consols opened at 94; United States Five-twenties, 70; Illinois Central, 85; Eric Railroad, 46; Liverpool, Nov. 26-Noon.—Cotton opens dull and irregular. The sales are estimated at 8000 bales. The quotations are about 8d. for middling uplands and 8id. for Orleans.

Breadstuffs are irregular, though prices are

The Trial of Jeff. Davis.

quotably unaltered.

[BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS,] RICHMOND, Nov. 28 .- Judge Chase did not arrive this morning, as was expected. At II o'clock the Court met. The was a detachment of cavairy in the Park. The court-room was densely crowded. The

of cavalry in the Park.

The court-room was densely crowded. The Grand Jury was present.

All the counsel of Jeff. Davis were in attendance, except Messra. Brady and Reed.

Judge Underwood took his seat at half-past II o'clock, and the Grand Jury was sworn in.

In his charge Judge Underwood regretted the absence of Judge Chase, and cautioned them that no party or class prejudices should influence their deliberations. Offenses connected with the Rebellion claimed their first attention. If it be brought to their attention that any one had committed treason, he must be indicted, unless he has been specially parloned by the President or by general amnesty. He recited the law and penalties for treason. He said violations of the Revenue laws would claim their attention, and they should be unsparing in the cases of public officers engaged in it, if any should be so found.

Up to noon no step was taken in the Davis case, and Mr. Davis is not yet in court. About thirty ladles are present as spectators.

The Judge agreed to fix March 20, 185, for the trial, and on application of Mr. O'Conor to extend Mr. Davis' bail bond until that time, and further agreed if Judge Chase could not preside then, to extend the leave of absence until that term following. The order of extension of leave of absence for Davis, and fixing March 22 for

then, to extend the reave of absence dutil the term following. The order of extension of leave of absence for Davis, and fixing March 22 for the trial, was entered by order of the Judge, and the Davis trial ended for this term. Davis did not appear in Court, nor did the witnesses for the Government. Three witnesses who came into Court, ex-Secretary Seddon, ex Governor Letcher, and General Wickersham, were recognized to appear at the next trial.

The Late Governor Andrew. The Boston Medical and Surgical Journal has

the following:—
"The post-mortem examination of the decease revealed an apopletic effusion more extensive than had ever before come under the observation of our most eminent pathologist. Though perhaps constitutionally predisposed to the disease, the attack might well have been deferred till after the lapse of many additional years of usefulness, but for the overtasking of the brain during the war, when, as has been said, it did the mental work of four men. That brain and the heart which throbbed in unison with it were spent in the cause of our national existence. None, even among the brave who fell in the carnage of the Wilderness, on on Western battle-fields, better deserve the name of martyr than he to whom we give these few

DEMISE OF AN OLD PRINTER.-Yesterday DEMISE OF AN OLD PRINTER.—1 esterday afternoon, Congo Sherman, well known as one of the oldest printers in the country, died in this city, having attained the age of seventy-four years. His birth-place was New Scotland, but a short distance from Albany, New York. He was born on the 7th of August, 1793. His father, Job Sherman, a native of the Old Bay State, was a soldier in the Revolutionary Army, and although severely wounded in many constate, was a soldier in the Revolutionary Army, and although severely wounded in many conflicts, he maintained his post until the war ceased, when he married Annie Conger, of New Rochelle, New York. Until the year 1832, the date of his death, Jeb Sherman followed the

poor words.'

date of his death, Jeb Sherman lonowed and plough.
Congo Sherman, before 13 years of age, left his home and became connected with the printing establishment of the publishers of the Albany Journal. The duty devolving upon him was to carry the printed bills and journals of the previous day's proceedings, printed at of the previous day's proceedings printed at the office where he worked, to the Legislature. His career thereafter is best told by himself, in some memoranda which are to constitute a forthcoming work:—

"I look back with pleasure to my boyhood. What I learned then made a good and permanent impression on mind. Some one has said, 'the boy makes the man.' I have always fels that It was for me great good fortune that my lot was cast among exemplary men, in a prolession where study and mental improved ent were my daily business. Big figures I never expected to make, but for a respeciable figure I have always had an abiding ambition.

"In the summer of 1811, I left my employers in Albany, to whom I was never indeptured, and went to New York, where I staid about two months. Business of all kinds was very dull in New York, and the printing business especially so. Sherman & Co., in Philadelphia now, in 1807, are using more paper for book printing in one day than was then required to supply all the book presses in New York for the same period of time.

"In September, 1811, I arrived in Philadelphia, and here began another epoch of my life. Fifty-six years are nearly gone since my advent in this city. Time files fast. I cannot realize it. It seems but a few years. But when I recall all the eventful chapges in the past years, memory revives many incidents personally impressive—the war of 1815, the subsequent depression of business, the years of toil and tuition as a journeyman printer, from 1812 to 1830.

"In September were well expresses the state of the print-

subsequent depression of business, the years of toll and tuition as a journoyman printer, from 1812 to 1830.

"Infancy very well expresses the state of the printing and publishing trades a half century ago. Yet there were, at that time, both printers and publishers who were solld men and men of enterprise. The ploneers were Johnson & Warner, Matthew Carery, and Philip H. Nicklis. Their successors were the Carery, John Grigg, Carey & Hart, Bisnchard & Lea, T. & J. W. Johnson, most of whom have amassed fortupes and retired from business. The improvements in the art of bookmaking, such as stereotyping and steam-power presses, came just in time to insure prosperity to many engaged in the publishing business from 1835 to 1865; certain it is these were prosperous years nor those engaged in printing, publishing, and the kindred professions.

"I say improvements came just in time; I should say that these improvements had their origin in the increasing requirements of the day for books and newspapers. Necessity is the mother of invention—the old hand press would no ionger suffice. The Adams press was invented, and is still the approved machine for book printing. Hoe's great invention, the eight and ten cylinder press for newspapers, is now indispensable in America and in Europe. Stereotyping was done here long before 1829, the date I have given as a marked period of prosperity.

"In May, 1830. I purchased the printing entablishment of Messra. Towar & Hogan, booksellers. of Philadelphia, and began business with four or five handelphia, and began business with four or five handelphia and the cylinder presses, printing for that firm the B

capital.

"For the first four or five years after my commence-"For the first four of five years after my commencement, in 1889, my progress was very slow. In 1882 the country generally began to feel the reviving influence of trade. In 1887 I put up my first steam press —the second press of the kind for book printing in Philadelphia. From that period to the breaking out of the Rebellion in 1881, there was a gradual increase of business, attended with moderate success, which I shared in common with my professional contemporaries.

shared in common war and a professional life traries.

"Many of the latter years of my professional life have been agreeably passed. I loved my business, and I was happy and contented. Frequent social evenings at home with some of our typographical evenings at home and there-were in every way beneficial, happy, and agreeable. Time is a great leveller. Johnson, the youngest of the party, was the first to fall."

Congo Sherman sold his establishment, in 1864, to his only son, Roger Sherman, who is associated with Messrs, M. F. Benerman and Andrew Overend, under the firm name of Sherman & Co. Congo Sherman had become a wealthy rongo saerman had become a weathy printer; and in his advanced age was possessed of vigorous faculties. He was amiable and sociable, and his only recollections were those of a well-spent life. His death is a source of deep regret and sorrow to a wide circle of

Philaga. Stock Exchange Sales, Nov. 26 Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. so S. Third street

